

TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

GRILAMID LBV-65H FWA NATURAL

Product description

Grilamid LBV-65H FWA natural is a 65% glass fibre reinforced, heat stabilised polyamide 12 injection moulding grade with the following special features:

- High stiffness combined with good toughness
- High elongation
- Very low water absorption
- Hydrolysis and chemical resistance
- Easy processing, especially suitable for thick-walled mouldings

The special composition of Grilamid LBV-65H FWA makes it suitable for the direct contact with potable water up to 85°C as well as with foodstuff.

Application examples

Grilamid LBV-65H FWA natural is designed for applications predominantly in the following application fields:

- Robust valves and fittings for water and gas supply
- Taps, fittings, meters, pumps in sanitary equipment
- Domestic appliances and household goods
- Components in the food processing industry



APPROVALS:

Grilamid LBV "FWA" in contact with drinking water

Germany (KTW, W270): The Grilamid LBV "FWA" products have been tested according to KTW recommendations of the German Federal Health Authority and are approved for applications in contact with drinking water up to 85°C. Additionally, these products fulfil the requirements of "DVGW Arbeitsblatt W270: The growth of micro-organisms on materials intended for use in drinking water systems - examination and assessment".

France (ACS): The Grilamid LBV "FWA" products have obtained the ACS ("Attestation de Conformité Sanitaire"). Parts produced with Grilamid LBV "FWA" are approved for direct contact with drinking water in France.

UK (WRAS): The Grilamid LBV "FWA" products have been tested according to BS 6920 and listed by the Water Regulations Advisory Scheme (WRAS). They are approved for applications in contact with drinking water up to 85°C.

USA (NSF61): NSF (National Sanitation Foundation) carries out tests to determine whether or not materials are suitable for drinking water applications. The Grilamid LBV "FWA" products have been successfully tested and certified for cold and warm water up to 82°C according to ANSI/NSF Standard 61 ("Drinking Water System Components - Health Effects").

Grilamid LBV "FWA" in contact with foodstuff

EU: In directive 2002/72/EC and its amendments, the European Union stipulates all conditions which polymers must fulfil if they are to come into contact with foodstuffs. According to these guidelines, the polymer matrix of Grilamid LBV "FWA" products fulfils all requirements for contact with foodstuff. This EU directive has been accepted by the EU countries and Switzerland and has been incorporated into national legislation.

Materials may only be used in contact with foodstuff if their various additives have also been approved. The ingredients of the Grilamid LBV "FWA" products satisfy the EU guidelines for direct, repeated contact with foodstuff.

USA (FDA): According to FDA (21 CFR § 177.1500 and Food Contact Notification 874 as well as corresponding paragraphs covering the additives) Grilamid LBV "FWA" products are in compliance with the requirements for direct, repeated contact with foodstuff.

The following products are either tested and approved or at least comply with the here listed standards and legislations:

Grilamid LBV-30H FWA natural and Grilamid LBV-30H FWA black 9225
Grilamid LBV-50H FWA natural and Grilamid LBV-50H FWA black 9225
Grilamid LBV-65H FWA natural and Grilamid LBV-65H FWA black 9225

Grilamid "FWA" products products fulfil the requirements of the following EU legislations: Regulation 2037/2000/EC (substances that deplete the ozone layer), Directives 76/769/EEC (restriction of certain dangerous substances and preparations), 91/15/EEC (on batteries and accumulators containing certain dangerous substances), 94/62/EC (packaging), 2002/95/EC (Restriction of Hazardous Substances, RoHS) and 2002/96/EC (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment, WEEE).

All Grilamid LBV "FWA" products fulfil the requirements of the "End-of-Life Vehicles" (ELV) Directive 2000/53/EC (including 2002/525/EC and 2003/138/EC) concerning the prohibition of lead (Pb), cadmium (Cd), mercury (Hg) and hexavalent chromium (Cr-VI).

PROPERTIES

Mechanical Properties

		Standard	Unit	State	Grilamid LBV-65H FWA natural
Tensile E-Modulus	1 mm/min	ISO 527	MPa	cond.	18500
Tensile strength at break	5 mm/min	ISO 527	MPa	cond.	170
Elongation at break	5 mm/min	ISO 527	%	cond.	3
Impact strength	Charpy, 23°C	ISO 179/2-1eU	kJ/m ²	cond.	60
Impact strength	Charpy, -30°C	ISO 179/2-1eU	kJ/m ²	cond.	60
Notched impact strength	Charpy, 23°C	ISO 179/2-1eA	kJ/m ²	cond.	12
Notched impact strength	Charpy, -30°C	ISO 179/2-1eA	kJ/m ²	cond.	10
Shore D hardness		ISO 868	-	cond.	88
Ball indentation hardness		ISO 2039-1	MPa	cond.	230

Thermal Properties

Melting point	DSC	ISO 11357	°C	dry	178
Heat deflection temperature HDT/A	1.8 MPa	ISO 75	°C	dry	160
Heat deflection temperature HDT/C	8.0 MPa	ISO 75	°C	dry	130
Thermal expansion coefficient long.	23-55°C	ISO 11359	10 ⁻⁴ /K	dry	0.10
Thermal expansion coefficient trans.	23-55°C	ISO 11359	10 ⁻⁴ /K	dry	0.75
Maximum usage temperature	long term	ISO 2578	°C	dry	90 - 120
Maximum usage temperature	short term	ISO 2578	°C	dry	160

Electrical Properties

Dielectric strength		IEC 60243-1	kV/mm	cond.	35
Comparative tracking index	CTI	IEC 60112	-	cond.	600
Specific volume resistivity		IEC 60093	Ω · m	cond.	10 ¹⁰
Specific surface resistivity		IEC 60093	Ω	cond.	10 ¹¹

General Properties

Density		ISO 1183	g/cm ³	dry	1.65
Flammability (UL94)	0.8 mm	ISO 1210	rating	-	HB
Water absorption	23°C/saturated	ISO 62	%	-	0.8
Moisture absorption	23°C/50% r.h.	ISO 62	%	-	0.4
Linear mould shrinkage	long.	ISO 294	%	dry	0.05
Linear mould shrinkage	trans.	ISO 294	%	dry	0.40

Product-nomenclature acc. ISO 1874: PA12, MH, 18-190, GF65

Processing information for injection moulding of Grilamid LBV-65H FWA natural

This technical data sheet for Grilamid LBV-65H FWA natural provides you with useful information on material preparation, machine requirements, tooling and processing.

MATERIAL PREPARATION

Grilamid LBV-65H FWA natural is delivered dry and ready for processing in sealed packaging. Predrying is not necessary provided the packaging is undamaged.

Storage

Sealed, undamaged bags can be kept over a period of time of at least one year when stored in facilities which are dry, protected from the influence of weather and where the bags are protected from damage.

Handling and safety

Detailed information can be obtained from the "Material Safety Data Sheet" (MSDS) which can be requested with every material order.

Drying

Grilamid LBV-65H FWA natural is dried and packed with a moisture content of $\leq 0.10\%$. Should the packaging become damaged if it is left open too long, then the material must be dried. A too high moisture content becomes evident by a foaming melt, excessive nozzle drool and silver streaks on the moulded part.

Drying can be done as follows:

Desiccant dryer

Temperature	max. 80°C
Time	4 - 12 hours
Dew point of the dryer	-25°C

Vacuum oven

Temperature	max. 100°C
Time	4 - 12 hours

Drying time

If there is only little evidence of foaming of the melt or just slight silver streaks on the part, then the above mentioned minimal drying time will be sufficient. If material is stored open for days, shows strong foaming, unusually easy flow, streaks or a rough surface on the moulded part, then the maximum drying time is required.



Silver streaks can also be caused by overheating of the material (over 350°C) or by too long melt residence time in the barrel.

Drying temperature

Polyamides are affected by oxidation at temperatures above 80°C in the presence of oxygen. Visible yellowing of the material is an indication of oxidation. Hence, temperatures above 80°C for desiccant dryers and temperatures above 100°C for vacuum ovens should be avoided.

At longer residence times (over 1 hour) a hopper dryer (80°C) is useful.

Use of regrind

Grilamid LBV-65H FWA natural is a thermoplastic material. Hence, incomplete mouldings as well as sprues and runners can be reprocessed. The following points should be observed:

- Moisture absorption
- Grinding: Dust particles and particle size distribution
- Contamination through foreign material, dust, oil, etc.
- Level of addition to original material
- Colour variation
- Reduction of mechanical properties

When adding regrind, special care has to be taken by the moulder.

MACHINE REQUIREMENTS

Grilamid LBV-65H FWA natural can be processed economically and without problems on all machines suitable for polyamides.

Screw

Wear protected, universal screws with shut-off nozzles are recommended (3 zones).

Screw

Length	18 D - 22 D
Compression ratio	2 - 2.5

Shot volume

The metering stroke (less decompression distance) must be longer than the length of the non-return-valve.

Selecting the injection unit

$$\text{Shot volume} = 0.5 - 0.8 \times (\text{max. shot volume of injection unit})$$

Heating

At least three separately controllable heating zones, capable of reaching cylinder temperatures up to 350°C. Separate nozzle heating is necessary. The cylinder flange temperature must be controllable (cooling).

Nozzle

Open nozzles are simple, allow an easy melt flow and are long lasting. There is however, the danger that during retraction of the screws following injection of the melt, air maybe drawn into the barrel (decompression). For this reason, needle shut-off nozzles are often used.

Clamping force

As a rule of thumb the clamping force can be estimated using the following formula:

Clamping force

$$7.5 \text{ kN}^{1)} \times \text{projected area (cm}^2\text{)}$$

¹⁾ for a cavity pressure of 750 bar

TOOLING

The design of the mould tool should follow the general rules for reinforced thermoplastics.

For the mould cavities common mould tool steel quality (e.g. hardened steel) which has been hardened to level of 56 HRC is necessary. We recommend additional wear protection in areas of high flow rates in the tool (e.g. pin point gates, hot runner nozzles).

Demoulding / Draft angle

Asymmetric demoulding and undercuts are to be avoided if possible. Generous provision should be made for ejection with many large pins or a stripper plate. Draft angles for the inner and outer wall between 0.5 and 3° is usually sufficient. Textured surfaces require a larger draft angle (1° per 0.025 mm depth of roughness).

(VDI 3400)	12	15	18	21	24	27
Depth of roughness (µm)	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.1	1.6	2.2
Demoulding angle (°)	1	1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5

(VDI 3400)	30	33	36	39	42	45
Depth of roughness (µm)	3.2	4.5	6.3	9	13	18
Demoulding angle (°)	1.8	2	2.5	3	4	5

Gate and runner

To achieve the best mould filling and avoid sink marks, a central gate at the thickest section of the moulding is recommended. Pin point (direct) or tunnel gates are more economical and more common with technical moulding.

To avoid premature solidification of the melt and difficult mould filling, the following points should be considered:

Gate diameter

0.8 x thickest wall section of the injection moulding part

Runner diameter

1.4 x thickest wall section of the injection moulding part (but minimum 4 mm)

VENTING

In order to prevent burn marks and improve weld line strength, proper venting of the mould cavity should be provided (venting channels on the parting surface dimensions: Depth 0.02 mm, width 2 - 5 mm).

PROCESSING

Mould filling, post pressure and dosing

The best surface finish and a high weld line strength are achieved when a high injection speed and a sufficiently long post pressure time are employed.

The injection speed should be set so as to reduce towards the end of the filling cycle in order to avoid burning. For dosing at low screw revolutions and pressure the cooling time should be fully utilised.

Basic machine settings

In order to start up the machine for processing Grilamid LBV-65H FWA natural, the following basic settings are recommended:

Temperatures

Flange	80°C
Zone 1	270°C
Zone 2	275°C
Zone 3	280°C
Nozzle	275°C
Tool	80-100°C
Melt	270-280°C

Pressures / Speeds

Injection speed	medium - high
Hold-on pressure (spec.)	300-800 bar
Dynamic pressure (spec.)	50-100bar
Screw speed	0.1-0.3 m/s

CUSTOMER SERVICES

EMS-GRIVORY is a specialist in polyamide synthesis and the processing of these materials. Our customer services are not only concerned with the manufacturing and supply of engineering thermoplastics but also provide full technical support including:

- Rheological design calculation / FEA
- Prototype tooling
- Material selection
- Processing support
- Mould and component design

We are happy to advise you. Simply call one of our sales offices.

The recommendations and data given are based on our experience to date, however, no liability can be assumed in connection with their usage and processing.

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This version replaces all previous product specific data sheets.

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